



Weekly Market Monitor

28 August 2026

Vol. 3 · No. 35

WEEK ENDING 28 AUGUST 2026

Data as of 26 to 28 Aug MM Credit Conditions Index™ **64 · Favorable**

TELLARO WEEKLY VIEW

Warsh resolved the ambiguity in the hawkish direction. At Jackson Hole he named prices the Fed's predominant focus, called financial conditions not broadly restrictive, and moved September to a near coin toss, roughly 46% priced from 35% a day earlier. The curve bear-flattened: the 2-year jumped to 4.30% while the 30-year eased from multi-decade highs as restored credibility calmed the long end. July data set the trap, with core PCE stuck at 3.3% and real spending stalled. The pivot removes the rate-relief optionality that underpinned spread compression. Yet high yield held near 277 bp. Credit still is not pricing the rate risk the Fed just validated. Stay senior, size to sustained-high base rates, and treat 16 September as a live hike.

CREDIT CONDITIONS DASHBOARD

LEVEL · W/W · CONTEXT

RATES & CURVE

SOFR (overnight)	3.65%	Fed target 3.50% to 3.75%
2Y Treasury	4.30%	▲ +8 w/w; prices hikes
10Y Treasury	4.68%	▼ -6 w/w on credibility
30Y Treasury	5.17%	near multi-decade high
2s10s slope	+38 bp	▲ bear flattening
Sept-16 hike odds	46%	▲ from 35% pre-Warsh

PUBLIC CREDIT

IG OAS	80 bp	bottom decile, post-GFC
HY OAS	277 bp	little changed; shrugged off Fed
HY index yield	7.2%	carry, not spread, driven
BSL single-B new-issue	S+390	inside 400 bp

DEFAULT & RECOVERY

Lev-loan default (amt)	1.3%	payment basis, LTM
Forecast (Sep-26E, count)	1.5%	LCD Default Predictor
First-lien recovery	70 to 80c	historical range

PRIVATE CREDIT / MIDDLE MARKET

Unitranche all-in yield	9.1%	resets off 3.68% term SOFR
Direct lending spread	S+525	core MM unitranche
MM gross leverage	6.1x	median; steady
MM interest coverage	1.6x	median; gains plateaued
MM EBITDA growth	24%	record q/q deceleration
KBRA MM default monitor	3.3%	2.4% by debt, record

ACTIVITY & TECHNICALS

US PE dry powder	\$1.1T	deployment pressure building
PE fundraising (Q1)	\$54B	2025 down 24% y/y
Direct lending issuance 26E	\$120B	BofA, down ~15% y/y
CLO issuance 26E	\$200B	MM CLO spreads widening
DL fund redemptions (Q1)	\$1.8B	10 largest; ~5% gates tested
PE deal volume (Jun, y/y)	-5.6%	exits still constrained

THREE KEY OBSERVATIONS

01

Warsh validated the rates market; September is live

Fact: a deliberately hawkish keynote lifted CME September hike odds to ~46% from 35%, sending the 2-year up 8 bp to 4.30%. **Why:** he called conditions not broadly restrictive and named prices the predominant focus. **Implication:** underwrite to a live hike and a higher-for-longer base rate. The near-term cut scenario is gone.

02

The long-end relief is credibility, not easing

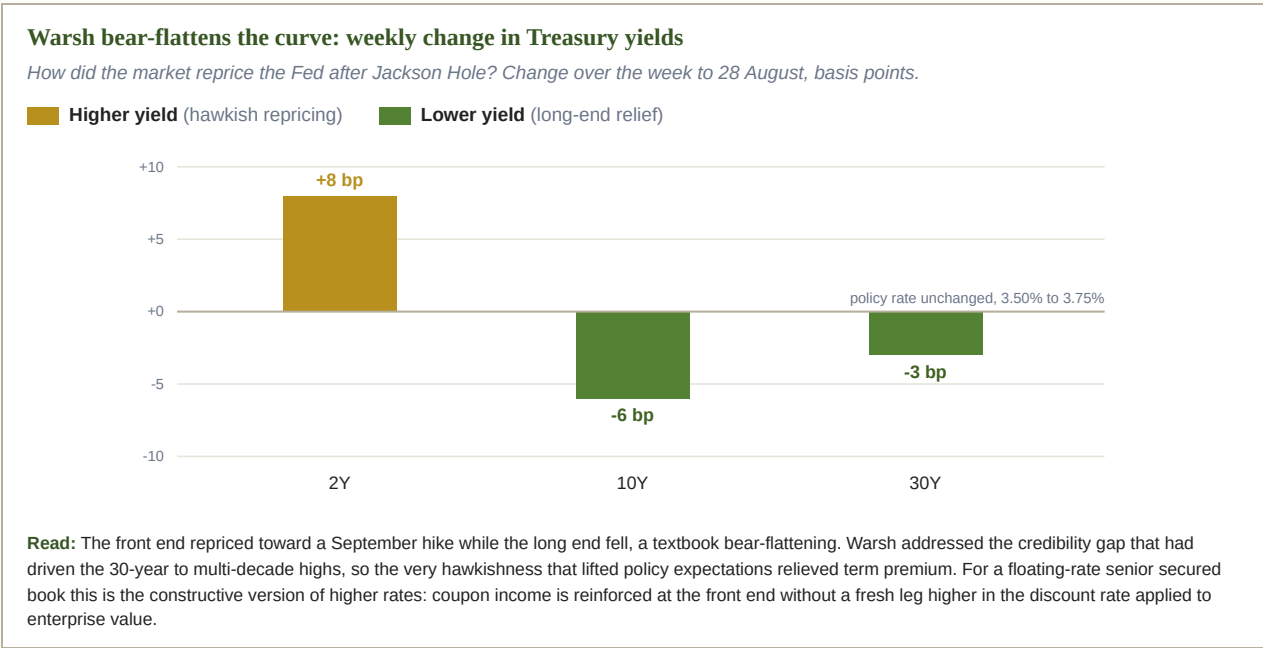
Fact: the 30-year eased from multi-decade highs even as short rates rose. **Why:** restoring inflation-fighting credibility calmed the term-premium selloff that Warsh's July ambiguity had fed. **Implication:** front-end-indexed floating income is reinforced; the relief does not extend to growth or to borrower coverage.

03

Core inflation is stuck, demand is not collapsing

Fact: core PCE held at 3.3% and Q2 GDP was confirmed at 1.5%, with real final private demand revised up to 4.2%. **Why:** sticky services prices meet still-resilient underlying demand. **Implication:** no disinflation dividend for borrowers and no growth scare to force a cut. Coverage headroom stays the binding variable.

CHART OF THE WEEK



WEEK AHEAD

CATALYSTS FOR PRIVATE CREDIT

Fri 4 Sep	August jobs report	Tests whether July's 23,000 contraction was a blip. A second weak print pressures the hawkish stance and signals softening borrower demand.
Sat 6 Sep	Fed blackout begins	The last FedSpeak closes before the meeting. Positioning into 16 September sets on the jobs and CPI prints, not further guidance.
Thu 11 Sep	August CPI	The final inflation reading before the decision. It, more than any other release, determines whether September delivers a hike.
Tue 16 Sep	FOMC decision	Now a near coin toss on a hike, not a cut. The outcome sets the base-rate path that governs coverage headroom across the direct-lending book.

Sources: Federal Reserve Bank of New York and Kansas City Fed (Jackson Hole); U.S. Treasury and FRED (SOFR, DGS2, DGS10, DGS30); CME FedWatch; U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (PCE, GDP); ICE BofA indices via FRED (HY OAS BAMLH0A0HYM2, IG OAS BAMLCOA0CM); KBRA Q2 2026 Middle Market Compendium; PitchBook LCD and the Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan Index; Houlihan Lokey; Valuation Research Corp.; BofA Global Research; Prequin. Yield changes are week-over-week to 28 August; some figures approximate.

The Weekly Market Monitor is the quantitative complement to the Tellaro *Quarterly CIO Perspective* and *Monthly Investment Committee Insights*. It does not duplicate the strategic positioning of the former or the transaction commentary of the latter.

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